

Supporting adaptive coastal planning under uncertain sea level rise using adaptation tipping points, pathways and detection of signals



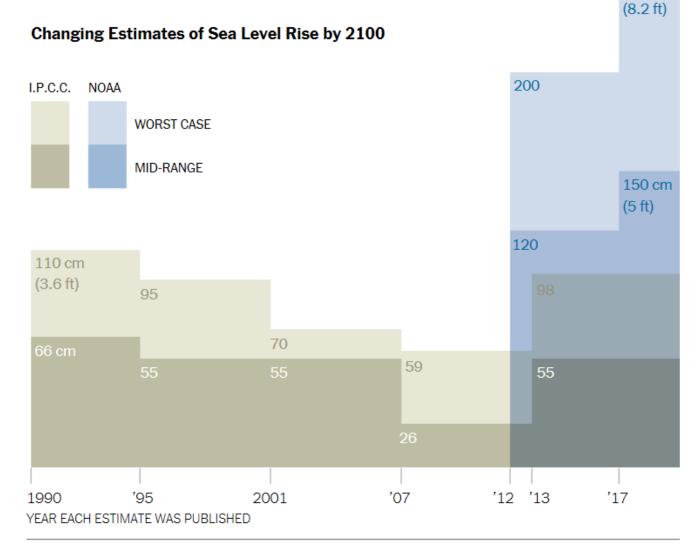
Marjolijn Haasnoot

# How Scientists Got Climate Change So Wrong

Few thought it would arrive so quickly. Now we're facing consequences once viewed as fringe scenarios.

By Eugene Linden

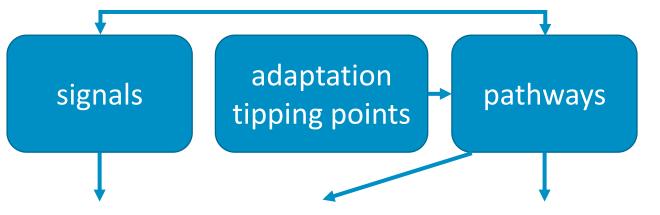
Larger bandwidth Uncertainty increased → Deep uncertainty



Note: The I.P.C.C.'s 2007 estimate of future sea level rise did not include satellite data on the contribution of melt water from Greenland and Antarctica because of disagreements among scientists.

250 cm

#### **Dynamic Adaptive Policy Pathways**



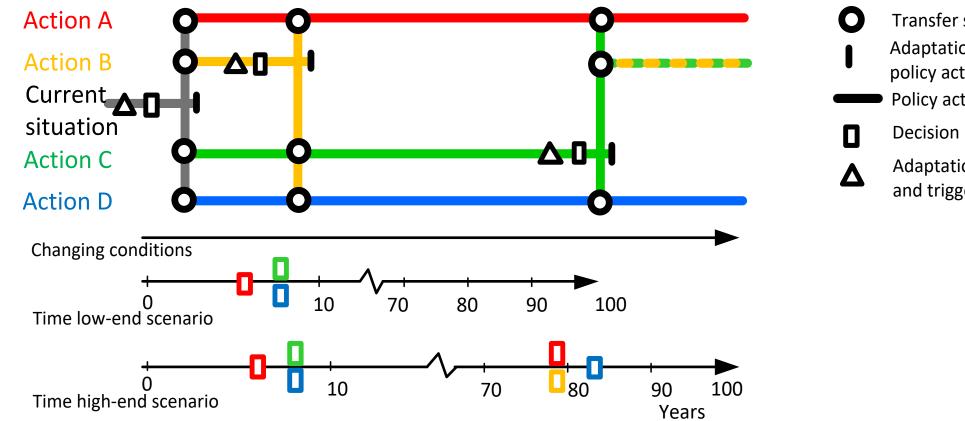
### When, how (much), how fast to adapt?

#### How to enable socio-economic developments under climate change?



	Reassess	
1. Describe system, objectives, uncertainties		
2. Assess vulnerability/opportunities : adaptation/opportunity tipping point (ATP/OTP)		
<b>9</b> 3. Identify actions and assess ATP conditions and timing	0	
<b>4.</b> Develop and evaluate adaptation pathways	Ò	
5. Design adaptive plan: short-term actions, long-term options and adaptation signals		
6. Implement the plan	Actions	
<b>Q</b> 7. Monitor: ATP approaching? Actions or reassessment?	Inabling Delta Life	

An adaptation pathways map shows different possible sequences of decisions to achieve objectives. A scorecard helps to evaluate the pathways and decisions.



#### http://pathways.deltares.nl

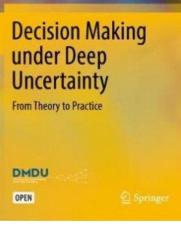
Haasnoot et al. 2013; Haasnoot et al. 2018 Glob. Env. Change, Haasnoot et al. 2019

Transfer station to new policy action

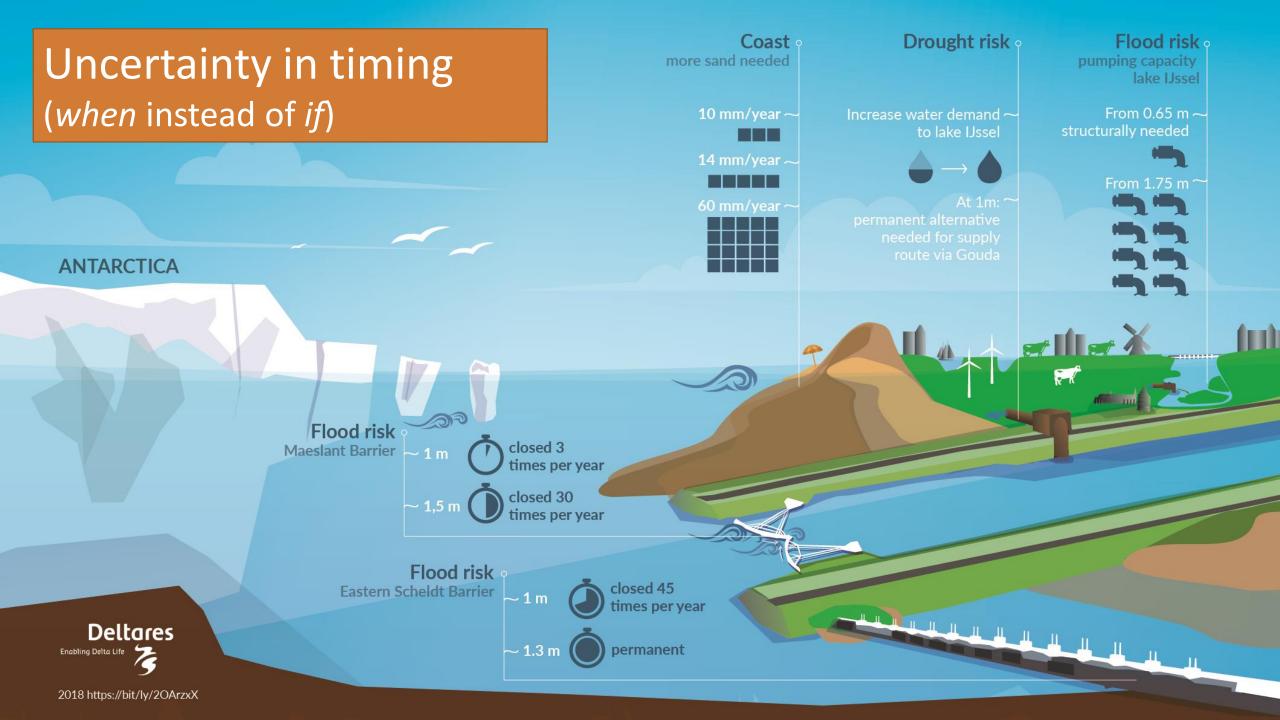
- Adaptation Tipping Point of a policy action (Terminal)
- Policy action effective
  - Decision node

Adaptation signals based on signposts and trigger values

> Vincent A. W. J. Marchau Narren E. Walker ieter J. T. M. Bloemen teven W. Popper Editors



# Adaptation Tipping Points How much change can a (portfolio) of measures address? (thresholds, opportunities and limits)



#### Flood barriers will close more frequently and eventually overtop

- 1 m
- Closed 3 times per year
- 1.5 m
- sclosed 30 times per year
- 1.2 m ~ design levels exceeded 1:10 years

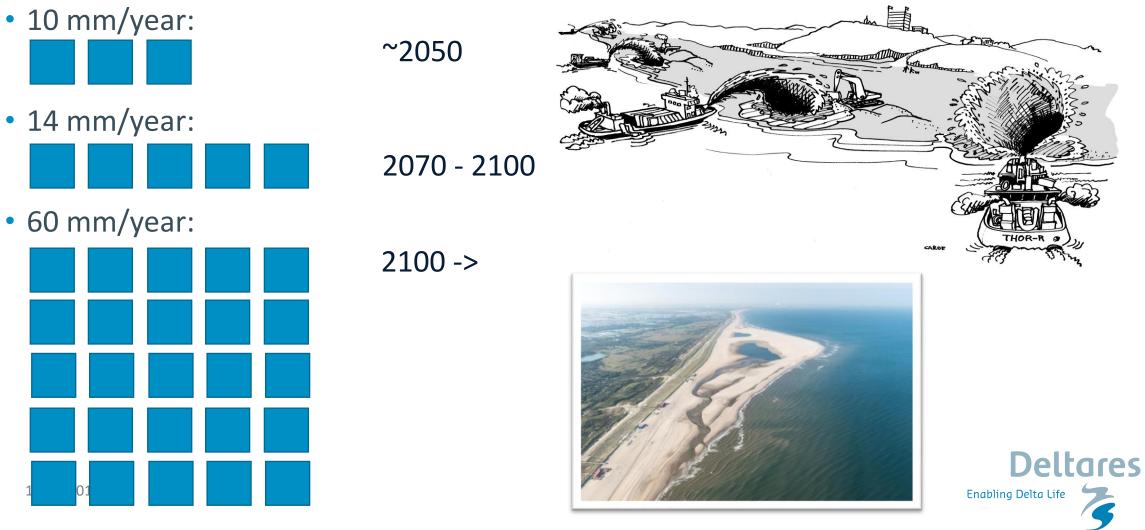


- 1 m
- closed 45 times per year
- 1.3 m 👗 close
  - Sclosed permanent
- 2.1 m <u>A</u> design levels exceeded 1:10 years



Haasnoot et al 2018 (in Dutch). Haasnoot et al (accepted) ERL

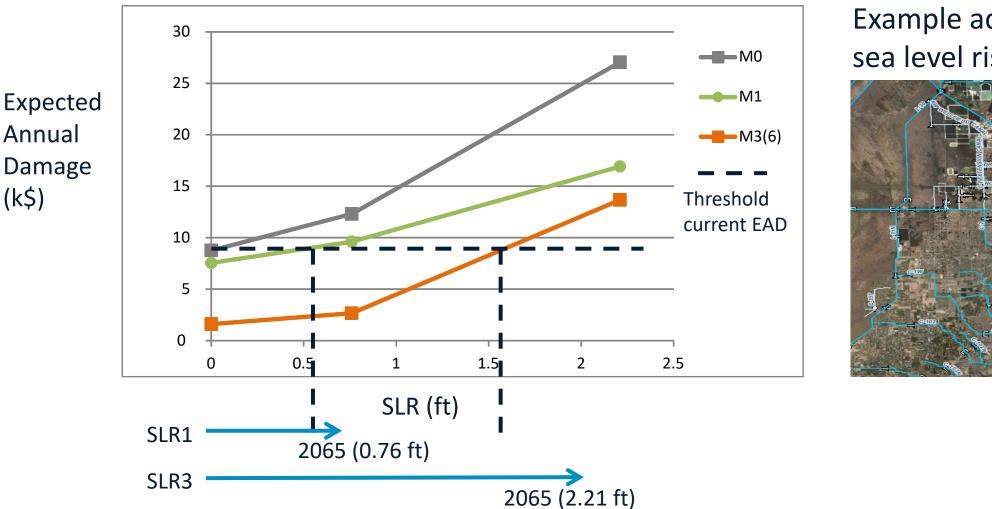
## To what extent is sand nourishment flexible?



Haasnoot et al 2018 (in Dutch). Haasnoot et al (accepted) ERL

Adaptation pathways How (much) to adapt under uncertainty?

#### = limits, thresholds opportunities Adaptation tipping points: scenario neutral assessment



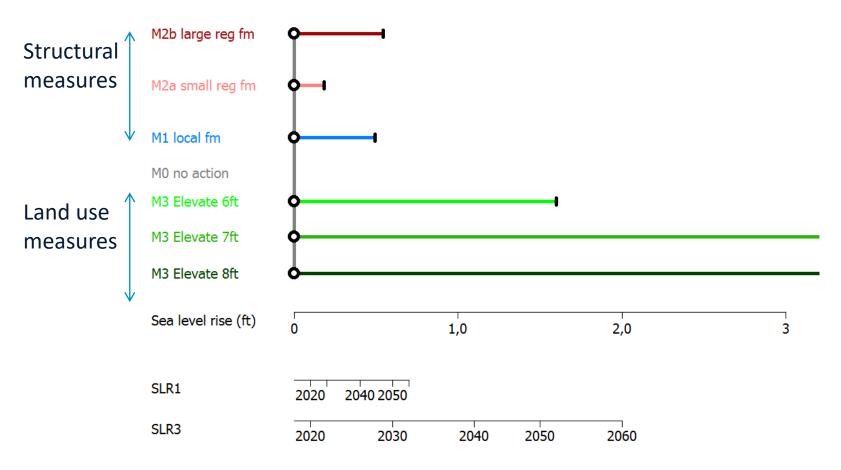
Example adaptation to sea level rise Miami





Adaptation tipping points: Kwadijk, J.C.J. et al 2010 WIRES Climate Change DOI: 10.1002/wcc.64 Miami: Bouwer et al 2018

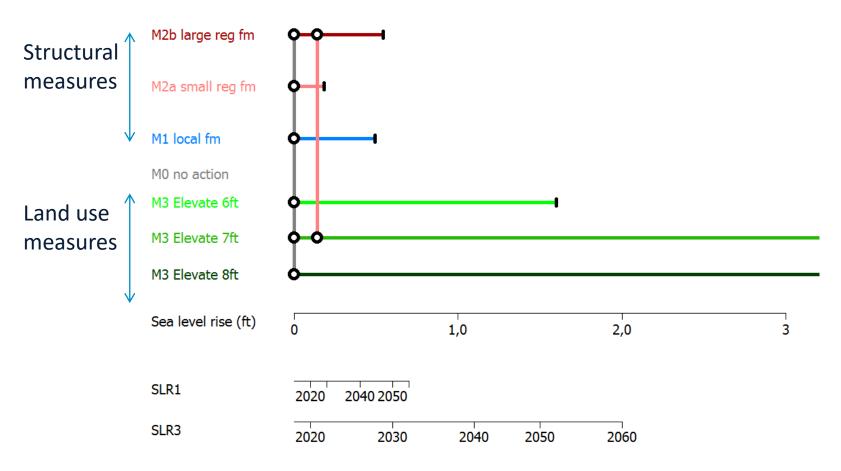
#### Adaptive plan based on adaptation pathways





Map generated with Pathways Generator, ©2015, Deltares, Carthago Consultancy

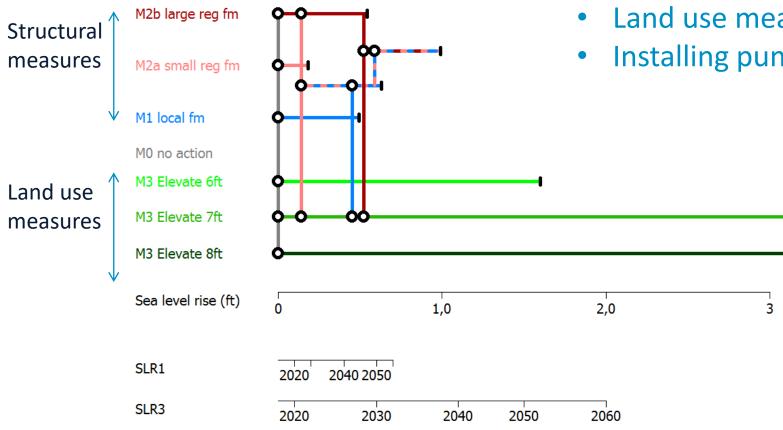
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Map generated with Pathways Generator, ©2015, Deltares, Carthago Consultancy

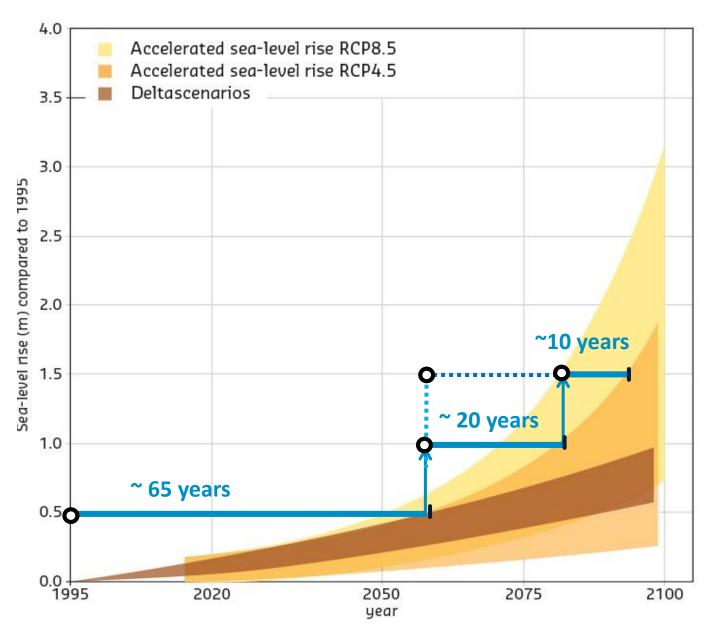
#### Adaptive plan based on adaptation pathways



- Land use measures are needed in the end
- Installing pumps can buy some time.



Map generated with Pathways Generator, ©2015, Deltares, Carthago Consultancy



#### Limits due to rate of change?

Functional life time of investments decreases:

adapt faster or larger

Haasnoot et al. 2018 <u>https://bit.ly/2OArzxX</u> (in dutch). Haasnoot et al. (accepted) ERL Source SLR data: Le Bars et al 2017 ERL

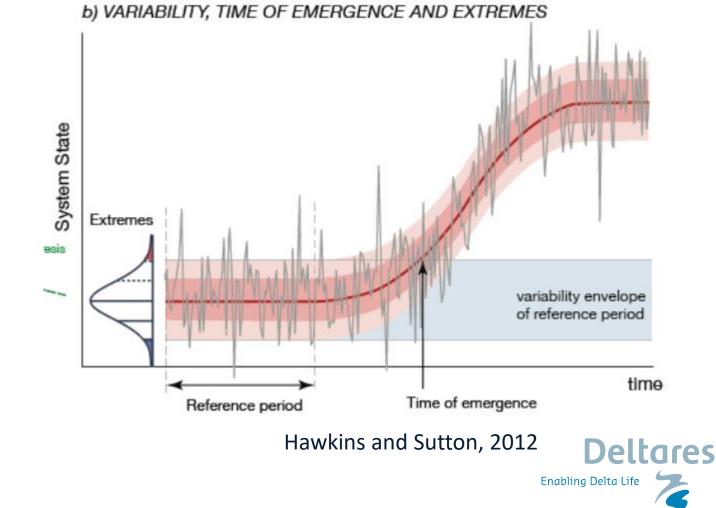


# Signals

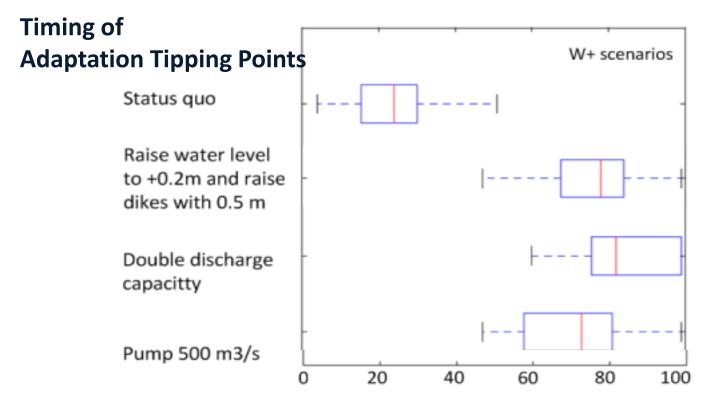
# When to implement or reassess the adaptive plan? Monitoring, analysis and evaluation of early warning indicators

#### Monitoring to detect signals for implementation or adjustment

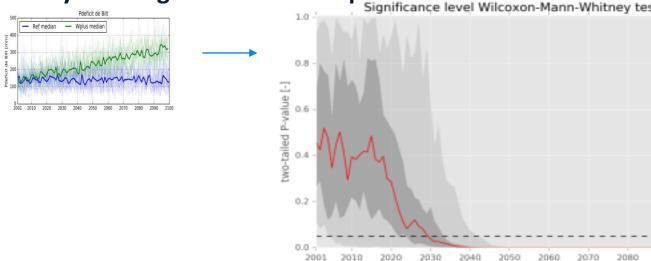
- Timely, reliable, convincing to act
- Trend, Rate, Time of emergence
- Observations and projections



Haasnoot, M. et al. (2018). Designing a monitoring system.. GEC <u>10.1016/j.gloenvcha.2018.08.003</u>



#### Early warning inidicator: Precipitation Deficit Significance level Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test



Significance (p-value) could be used to categorise the signal:

- <5% strong signal,
- 5-15% moderate signal,
- <25% weak signal



#### **Summary**

- Adaptation tipping points to assess *if* and use scenarios to assess *when* limits, thresholds, opportunities may occur. Use amount and rate of change to assess them
  - Explore adaptation pathways  $\rightarrow$  adaptive plan
  - Beyond 2100 for investments with long life time
  - Low to high-end scenarios to assess incremental and transformative decisions, and consider lead time
  - Signal Monitoring System: timely, reliable, convincing. Not only about what to measure but also how to analyse



**Decision** services