NAME

NAME Research Update and Legacy

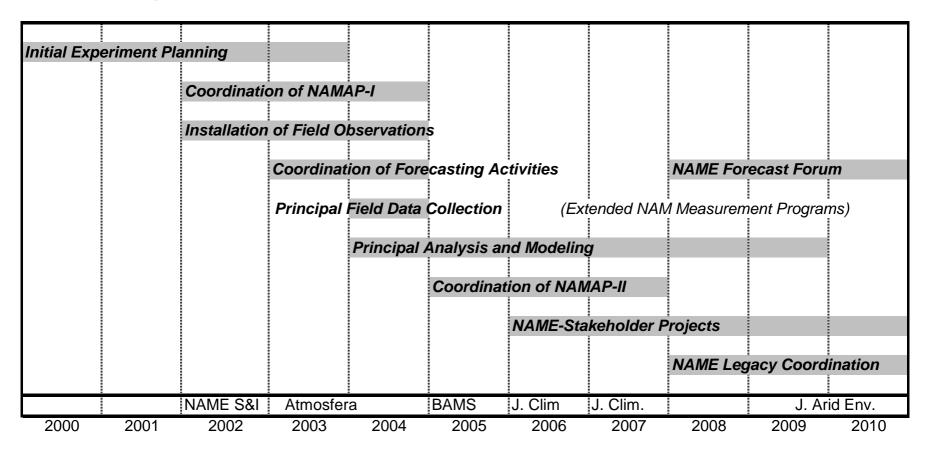
NAME Science Working Group

NAME Research Update and Legacy

- Programmatic and Research Update
- Advances in Science
- Contributions to Operations
 - Assessment of NAM observing system
 - Service collaborations
 - Improvements in modeling
- Capacity Building
 - Training
 - Monsoon research applications

Programmatic Review

NAME Program Timeline



- NAME Data Archive (www.eol.ucar.edu/projects/name)
- Numerous 'synthesis' datasets have been generated to date

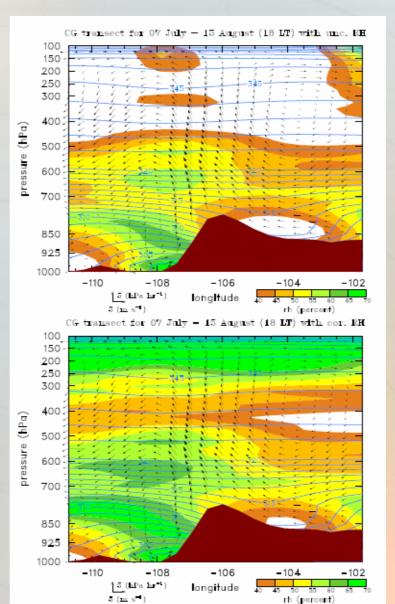
The North American Monsoon Experiment: Update on 2008-2009 Activities:

- Development of a bias-corrected dataset for NAME-2004 sounding data (P. Ciesielski and D. Johnson)
- Establishment and launch of the NAME Forecast Forum as a means of tracking climate model forecasts of NAM rainfall. Publication accepted by Eos. (D. Gochis, J. Schemm, W. Shi, A. Douglas)
- Completion of NAMAP-II (model assessment) effort and submission of manuscript to J. Climate (D. Gutzler et al.)
- WMO/WWRP book chapter on progress in NAM research and predictions (D. Gochis and H. Berbery)
- Continued field research into land-atmosphere coupling in NW Mexico (E. Vivoni and C. Watts)
- Continued development of a regional observing system design for the NAM (NAME SWG)
- JAE Special Issue and establishment of a 'Boarder Climate Summary' as a stakeholder climate information publication (G. Garfin et al.)

Humidity Bias Correction in NAME-EOP/NAM

Sounding Network:

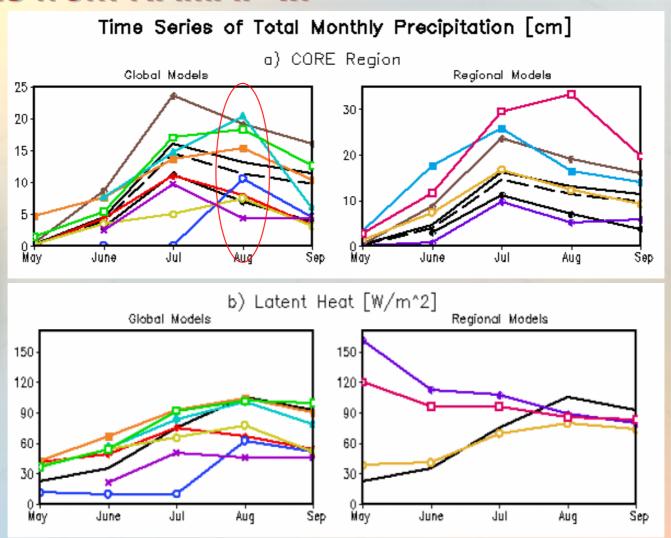
SMN sonde humidity 'corrections led to significant improvement in the description of the humidity field, and in several convective parameters such as precipitable water (PW), CAPE (<450 K/kg), CIN (<75J/kg) and in the diurnal cycle of apparent drying (Q2)'



Uncorr.

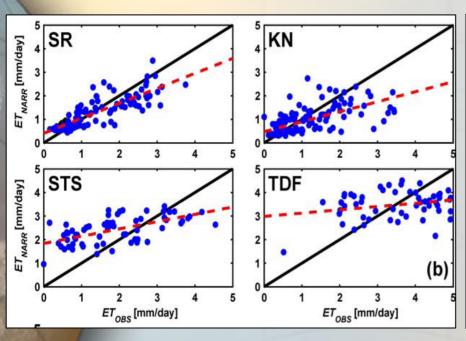
Corr.

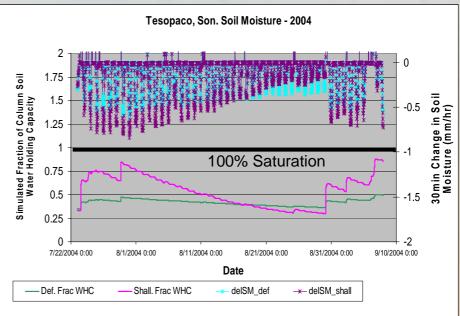
Results from NAMAP-II:



- GCMs show late (Aug.) peak in pcp.
- Both regional and GCM modeled land surface fluxes poorly constrained

Assessing land surface model deficiencies in the NAM region:





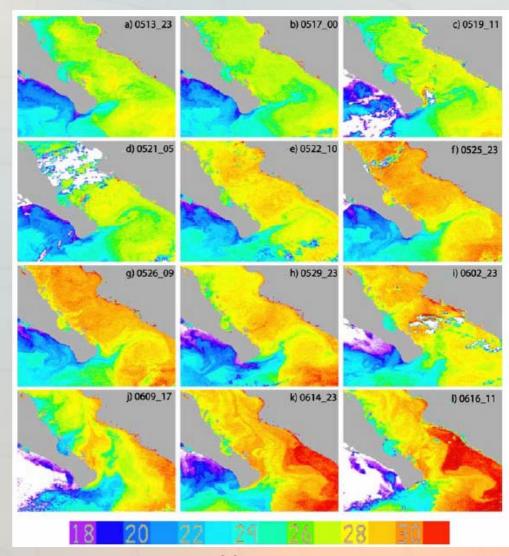
- NARR (Noah) ET shows poor agreement with obs in the tropical deciduous forests of western Mx.
- Improper dynamic range of Noah fluxes linked to excessive soil water holding capacity in complex terrain

Legacy: Advances in science

- Tier I: Clear documentation of the diurnal cycle of clouds and precipitation as functions of regional physiography (over terrain, land-sea interface, open water, etc)
- Tier I: Baseline characterization of many land-ocean-atmosphere exchanges
- Tier I: Improved characterization of the seasonal evolution of GoC oceanic circulation and heat transport

Characterization of the seasonal evolution of the Gulf of California:

- Thermohaline depiction during NAM-04 onset cruises
- Heat budget of GoC
 dominated by advective flow
 from SE (~20-30 TW vs. ~1 2 TW from sfc heating)
- Complex flow structure around the mouth of the GoC
- Challenging for coupled modeling of NAM land-airsea interactions



1 km AVHRR SST 13 May - 16 Jun, 2004

Legacy: Advances in science

- Tier I: Clear documentation of the diurnal cycle of clouds and precipitation as functions of regional physiography (over terrain, land-sea interface, open water, etc)
- Tier I: Baseline characterization of many land-oceanatmosphere exchanges
- Tier I: Improved characterization of the seasonal evolution of GoC oceanic circulation and heat transport
- Tier II: Improved characterization of the regional circulation and moisture transport mechanisms within the core monsoon region...dual source regime
- Tiers II&III: Recognition of the NAM as a weakly-forced system and we now have a much improved depiction of numerous intra-seasonal modes of variability (TEW, surges, inverted troughs, mid-latitude fronts, MJO, tropical storms)

Legacy: Advances in science

- Tier III: Improved characterization of the large scale drivers (Pac. and Atl. SST modes)
- Tier III: Identification of problems in modeling land surface modulation of the regional climate...unresolved

 NAME has been an important motivator for new scientific programs (e.g. IASCLIP)

Legacy: Contributions to operations

- Comprehensive assessment of operational data assimilation and dynamical models (NAMAP-I, II, many papers, NFF)
- Elucidation of additional drivers of NAM variability (N. Pacific, MJO, inverted troughs)
- Improved communication and data sharing (NWS/SMN)
- Assessment and improvement of many remotely sensed products (e.g. SSTs, satellite QPE, GPS-water vapor, land cover, soil moisture) over the NAM region

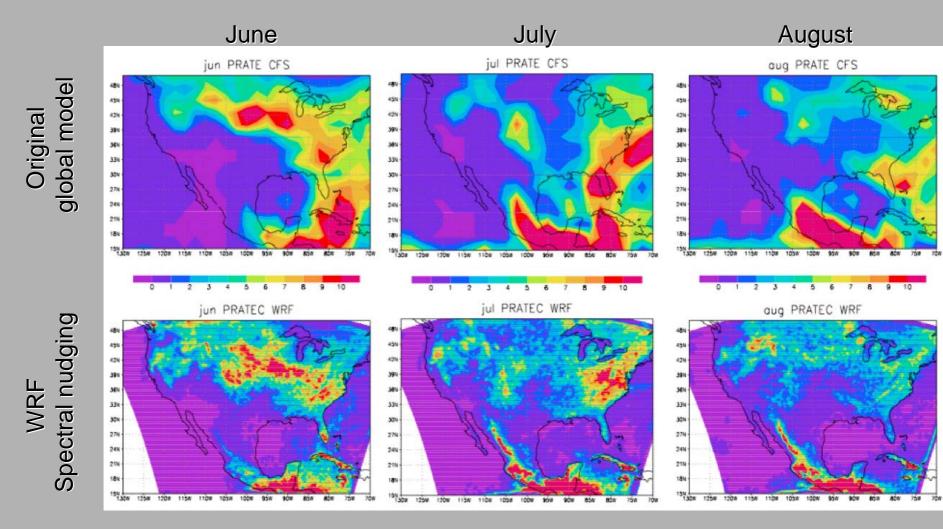
Legacy: NAME Modeling Activities

- NAMAP-II Manuscript submitted (Gutzler et al)
 - Global and regional model assessment from seasonal simulations of 2004 NAM
 - Some improvements over NAMAP-I vintage in seasonal cycle and magnitude of rainfall
- Data impact study from the 2004 EOP observations (K. Mo):
 - Identified critical role of operational sounding network and land data assimilation of realistic precipitation product in analyses and simulations of NAM
 - Provided justification for sustained funding of Mx. sounding network
- NAME Forecast Forum (2008-present, CPC, NCAR, U. Arizona, NWS)
 - Synthesis of several dynamical model forecast products
 - Regional products over NAME Tier II
 - Regional forecast performance tracking yr-over-yr
 - Eos brief report in press, Border Climate Summary 2x/yr

Legacy: NAME Modeling Activities

- NAM Climate Model Downscaling (Castro, Dominguez, U. Arizona, Schemm, CPC)
 - Dynamical downscaling of CPC seasonal forecast/hindcast ensembles and AR4 scenarios
 - Employment of spectral nudging at wavelengths >4dx (~400km)
 - Suggested improvement in the spatial patterns of rainfall over western Mx.
- Seasonal forecast downscaling for hydrological applications (Muñoz and Lettenmaier):
 - Statistical downscaling of CFS ensembles
 - VIC hydrological modeling

Dynamical Downscaling of Summer Precipitation (mm day⁻¹) Original CFS vs. WRF Downscaled w/ applicatins to Climate Change Studies



Use of spectral nudging for mid-upper levels at 4dx (30km)

Legacy: NAME Modeling Activities NAME

- Statistical downscaling of ensemble medium range forecasts (Maitaria et al)
 - Knn analog-based, non-parametric technique
 - Reliable probabilistic skill out to days 6-7 for daily precipitation
- Land surface model assessment and improvement in the NAM region (multiple groups):
 - Analysis of Noah/NARR land surface fluxes against NAM tower data (Vivoni et al)
 - Assessment of land surface schemes in AR4 vintage GCMs over the NAM region (Kelly and Mapes, NAMAP-II)
 - Assessment of land surface flux sensitivity to variable soil structures (Gochis et al)
 - Special issue of J. of Arid Environments on land surface process and ecohydrology in the NAM region

Legacy: NAME Modeling Activities

 NAME paired modelers and observationalists to focus on key problems with warm season precipitation simulations and forecasts in dynamical models (including the NCEP model production suite). One step closer to a "climate process team" approach, which is routinely used now (e.g. VOCALS, IASCLIP)

VOCALS SALL MESA

Legacy: Capacity building in NAME

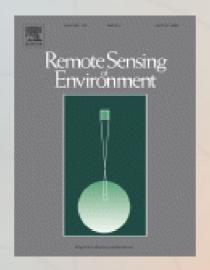
- Training (EOP field campaign measurements)
- Radar upgrades in W. Mex.
- Long-term U.S.-Mex. investigator linkages
 - Students in the field
- Some networks
 - Simple rain gauge network
 - Ongoing flux sites in Mx.
 - Augmented automated SMN and NWS/ALERT stations
- Seasonal Forecast Fora and Pubs.
 - Border Climate Summary
 - NFF

The North American Monsoon Experiment: Legacy Items:

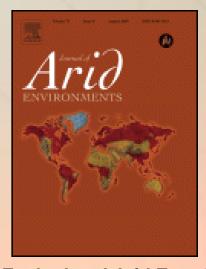
- Synthesis Datasets, Publications & Journal Special Issues:
 - NAME04 rain gauge composite (Gochis et al., 2009)
 - Multisensor SST product (Wang and Xie, 2007)
 - > NAME sounding composite (Johnson and Ciesielski 07, 08, 09)
 - > VIC land surface retrospective (Zhu et al, 07)
 - > RCDAS w/ and w/out NAME EOP obs. (Mo et al.)
 - > NAMAP-I and II model archives (Gutzler et al.)



NAME-04 J. Climate-07



SMEX-04 JRSE-07



Ecohydro. J Arid Env.-09

The North American Monsoon Experiment: Legacy Items:

Outstanding Questions and Remaining Challenges:

- Diagnostics:
 - Coupling between seasonal (IAV) and intra-seasonal modes of variability
 - Significant uncertainty in the distribution and scale-aggregation impacts of land-surface fluxes (incl. antecedent conditions, moisture recycling) on NAM rainfall
 - Long term trend analysis of many key hydroclimatic variables
- Predictions:
 - Lack of predictability of many large-scale modes for long-lead pred.
 - Need for improved downscaling methods for improved short-lead seasonal and medium range predictions
 - Resolve the failure of free running coupled OAGCMs to realistically represent key features of the NAM hydroclimate
 - Develop a process-based consensus on climate change impacts on NAM

Remaining NAME Programmatic Activities:

- Expand NAME Forecast Forum activities
 - New regional products added for '09
 - Expanded links to SMN, NADM and IRI
- Finalize Reg. Climate Obs. System Design
- NAM Special Session proposed at Fall '09 AGU Meeting
- Proposed NAM review article to 'Reviews in Geophysics'

